



**COMMON
SENSE.**

Beware of the man who travels the country peddling Spectacles, he is a delusion and a snare. A great many people would rather give a man of this stripe double the price of a good article, for a very inferior quality of goods; but you will not be so foolish. We can fit your eyes better than any travelling peddler and give you better goods cheaper, and if they do not happen to be satisfactory, we live here, and will be most happy to change them for you. We think we are safe in saying we sell as many, if not more glasses, than any person in Brandon, and have very few ask to have them changed. A splendid stock of New Frames in steel, nickel and gold. Your eyes tested free.

Flemings' Drug Store

BRANDON, MANITOBA.

A STRAIGHT-FORWARD BUSINESS.....

Making a bid for popular patronage needs no diplomacy—incense or sharp management. PLAIN, CLEAN, HONEST methods are what the people pin their faith to. These methods carried out to the letter, are the basis to our wonderful success. We are here to serve the public faithfully, and that is the reason Brandon's Exclusive Clothing Store is pointed out as the one, where all classes are dealt with, in absolute fairness. This store is making history—and this wonderful offering will be additional factors in its upbuilding process. **FRIDAY AND SATURDAY** we will have to offer

HOMELY SUITS!

That's to attract your attention, but they are "homely"—but they are all the rage. No one wants anything else, and that makes them "handsome."

Here They Are, a Few!

1. A Four-button Single-breasted Sague—black serge finish—satin lined—has no equal, at \$4.95.
2. A Four-button, Cutaway Sague—brown effects—Canadian tweed—that some call Irish tweed, because it is difficult to distinguish the difference—only \$8.50.
3. A Double-breasted Sague—brown grey twill effects—very nobby—lined with satin, and like all our other suits every seam double sewn, unmatchable at the price of \$9.00.
4. Better slip in when passing and see this one—a double-breasted Frieze—three desirable shades—heavy tweed lining, double sewn seams—perfect-fitting—and are a special advertisement for this store, at the price of \$8.50.

Fur Department!

This department is fast becoming noted for being "Under All Prices." Sale doubling every day. A Fur Coat or Outfit sold from here always brings one or more enquires for one just like it at the price. Examine OUR LEADER Fur Coat at

..\$16.50..

and you won't touch anything at a lower figure. Of course, if you want a lower price, we have them—but they are the Coat of Coats, at the money. A full range of sizes from forty-four to fifty-two, in Wombat, Wallaby, Raccoon, Bulgarian Lamb—fur lined, &c. Call and examine.

McDonald & Calvert.

BRANDON'S COMPLETE OUTFITTING STORE.

Brandon, Manitoba.

HANDSOME DINING CHAIRS \$1.00.

These chairs are really beauties. Wood or Canoe Seat, High Straight Gridiron Back Wide Ornamented Top, Hardwood or Solid Oak. You'd guess the price to be \$2.00, but you'd be just \$1.00 too high.

Maybe you think that's too much for a Diningroom Chair—here are some at

65c, 75c, 85c each.

Maybe you think it too little—here are still others at

\$1.25 to \$6.00 each.

RECLINING CHAIRS.

In four styles \$10.00 \$12.50, \$14.00 and \$16.00. Good ones at the low prices. The very finest of the higher figures. Reclining Chairs will keep any man good-natured.

CAMPBELL & CAMPBELL
Artistic Home Furnishers.

Upholstering. Embalming.
House Telephone 20.
Between 9th and 10th Streets.

RAPID CITY.

Mr. George L. Stone has been appointed to the Massey-Harris agency in town. Mr. Thompson has resigned. Volunteers who assisted to repel the Fenian raid 1896, are to have their services recognized by the government. John Rogers, who lives a few miles south of the town, is leaving for England in a few days. It is his intention to return in the spring.

Robt. Dennison, of Ravens' Glen, has sold his farm, all of 8-15-20, with stock and implements, to E. Parker, of England, for \$5,000.

On Sunday evening, while Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Martin were driving to church, their horse took fright and got beyond the control of his driver. Mrs. Martin became excited and jumped from the rig, and was so badly bruised and shaken up by the fall, that she has been seriously ill ever since.

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THE HOLLAND MURDER.

This case opened in Winnipeg on Thursday last, and is dragging slowly. We have room but for the most important sections of the evidence.

DORA HATTON.

deposed: "I am a sister of the late Hannah Hatton. I was twenty years old last January. Hannah was twenty-five years old at the time of her death. Richard Agar is my mother's brother. He left on the 26th of Dec. for Ontario. I was at his house before he left that day. Hannah and Robert were there. I remained until Monday and my mother went when I came home. She remained with Hannah Hatton until a few days before my uncle returned. I then then went back and remained until my uncle came back. Morran had been living at the house with my sister and the children. Mr. Howells: "When did you last see your sister alive?"

Here witness endeavored to restrain the tears which welled up in her eyes but she could not and broke down completely and wept or some time.

Continuing, witness said: "Handkerchief produced belonged to my sister. She used it to wrap around her neck. I last saw my sister alone on Sunday before Easter, a week or eight days before her death. It was at the church in Holland. She appeared as usual bright and happy, and well. I do not know of her having any particular gentlemen friends during the last few months of her life. Only friendliness existed between my sister and Morran. I saw nothing unusual between them. Hannah was a little taller and slimmer than I. She weighed about 110 pounds."

Cross-examined: "While I was staying at the Agar's I saw Hannah and the prisoner playing together. I never saw anything indicating improper intimacy between Hannah and Morran. We had a party at our house some time before Mr. Agar returned, about three weeks. Mother was home that night. Hannah was also at home. She came in the afternoon. As I think of it mother was not there. There were about thirty young people present. Hannah did not dance all the time. She was sitting around talking to people. None of the people went upstairs. Morran was not at the party. Hannah said Robert did not want to put the horses in a strange stable. I did not see any drinking at the house on the night of the party. I remember my mother saying she would not let me have any more parties, as the last was a little rough. Robert and I have known one another for years. I always thought him a kind and gentle boy."

When asked if she had talked over the evidence she was to give, witness asked the judge if she was to answer the question. When informed that she had to she answered "No."

A plan of Agar's house was identified by the witness and put in.

To Mr. Howells: "We frequently had parties at our house. At some of them mother was present. I talked over the last party with mother. I do not remember which one it was that mother complained of. Robert was at only one party at our house, while uncle was away he did not come. I did not know Robert very intimately."

ROBERT AGAR.
uncle of deceased, deposed: "I live half a mile from Holland. I am Mrs. Hatton's brother. My wife died on July 31st, 1895. Hannah Hatton came to live at my house on the 23rd of Oct., 1895. I left for Ontario Dec. 26th, 1895. I got Robert Morran to do the chores around the house and arranged with Mrs. Hatton to stay with Hannah. I had the household compasses of Hannah Hatton, the two children, Robert and Mrs. Hatton. I returned home on the 17th of February. When I got home I found Dora and Hannah Hatton, the two children and Robert Morran staid at our place to the 1st of March. I did not want him to remain any longer. I did not notice any intimacy between Hannah and Robert after I came home. They were friendly. I last saw Hannah alive between 6 and 7 o'clock the evening before she was murdered. Janet Jameson was with her. Janet Jameson was about 30 years old. They did not say where they were going. If Miss Jameson were going home and Hannah to town they would go together to Agar's corner. Hannah went to town after but had no particular reason to go that night. Hannah was dressed in black clothes that night. When I found that she did not come home I thought she had gone to Jameson's, or to her home. It was ten minutes to 9 when I went to bed that night. Carr and I went about the same time. I took the children with me. I undressed, got into bed and read the Bible for some time. I heard the dog howl about 10 o'clock. He howls when he hears some shrill sound. I was not out of the house after 7 or 8 o'clock. In a straight line, the body, when found, was about half a mile from the house. I did not see the body. I was not engaged when I went to Ontario. I have since been married. It was a case of "have to." I never saw any young man attentive to Hannah. No one, to my knowledge, came to my house to see her. I do not know anything about her being pregnant at the time of her death. I can give no information about it. I can give no information regarding who did it. I did not see the body when I passed it, as it was on the dark ground, with snow around it. My horses were frisky and I had to pull them in well. I passed between 8 and 9 o'clock."

Cross-examined: "The farm to which I moving with the load of grain the morning after the murder is southeast

of my other one. I took the most direct road. I do not know if Hannah was in town any night during the week previous to her death. She generally got home at 8 or 9 o'clock, very seldom after that. She never told me where she was. I generally went to bed at 9 o'clock. I know that Hannah Hatton had an illegitimate child some five years before her death. The reputed father was Kier, a supposed husband of one of her sisters. Kier was supposed to have been killed in the States, and I think the life insurance money was paid to his family. It is supposed that Kier and the missing sister are now living in Winnipeg as Mr. and Mrs. Kier. I do not know if Hannah swore out an information against Kier before he went to the States. I never heard that this sister met her death in a peculiar manner in Winnipeg some two years ago. I do not remember reading the Bible in the kitchen. I read it in bed. This night was the first that I had my little daughter sleeping with me. It was not because Hannah did not come home. I was not out of bed that night after blowing out the light. I asked Morran to work for me. I do not think I told him not to use the horses at night. Morran may have asked for light work on account of his sore ankle. I never talked with anyone concerning the evidence I was to give. My clock was twenty or twenty-five minutes slow. It was about twenty minutes to ten when I blew out the light. I never knew my dog to howl on any other night."

Mr. Nugent: "Now, you went down to Ontario, didn't you, to arrange the second marriage?"

Witness: "Who told you that?"

Mr. Nugent: "Is it true?"

Witness: "No, I met her in Ontario, became engaged to her a month after the murder, and married her in the summer."

Continuing, witness said: "Detectives came to my house to look for letters shortly after the murder. I did not know she had been corresponding with any one. I sometimes do my own slaughtering. I have killed pigs. I do not know Hannah had been to see the doctor. I wrote her a couple of letters from Ontario."

To Mr. Howells: "I cannot remember if Hannah was in town during the week previous to the murder. I think she was. She generally went once or twice a week. I do not know where she went when she went to town."

Detective Cox sworn, said: "I went to Holland the morning after the murder and investigated the case. I found footprints and a crushed chocolate east of the elevator. I searched the whole premises. I had some conversation with the prisoner concerning a letter, on Friday, April 3rd. I went to his room in the house and examined the overalls and shirt produced. I found blood stains on them. I asked Morran 'are those yours?' He said 'Yes.' I asked him how he accounted for blood being on them and he said he was holding a horse which his father was bleeding. I wrapped them up and said, 'Bob I'll take possession of these.' He said 'Hold on I believe that is my father's shirt and his nose has been bleeding.' He said he wore those things on the night of the murder. This was before I took them. He was not under arrest then, nor was he shadowed. He was arrested a week later. I got the boots produced in the prisoner's bedroom. He said they were his. They appear as if they had been washed since the murder."

Mr. Nugent objected to all this evidence on the ground that witness was a police officer. The objection was noted and under his own objection proceeded to cross examination of the witness.

A BLOODY HANDKERCHIEF.
Witness said: "The boots look like they would be expected to if worn at that time of year when the snow was wet and soft. Prisoner knew I was a detective. I searched the trunk on Friday when I took the clothes. I examined it to the bottom. I saw a bloody handkerchief in the trunk that day. I do not know who put that handkerchief there."

"Do you know how it got there?" asked Mr. Nugent.

"What, you don't?"

"No."

"Did you put it there?" asked the counsel.

"No; I did not."

"Produce it," said Mr. Nugent.

"I will show you in a little while how it got there."

Witness continued: "I may not have asked the prisoner where it came from. I don't know why Mr. Howells did not ask me about it."

Mr. Nugent: "Did you tell Mr. Howells that you put that handkerchief in the trunk to bluff the prisoner?"

Witness: "I did not."

Mr. Nugent: "And you didn't put it there?"

Witness: "I did not, I swear it. If John Morran swears that I spoke to the prisoner about it he swears falsely, said the detective."

"Well, we'll see about that," said the lawyer.

"When I told him I would take the articles," said Mr. Cox. "Morran did not appear to be frightened. On Sunday the prisoner went with me to look for the knife. I kept my eye on him as he was a suspect. I did not stay by him all the time. I watched others also. I saw no sign of guilt in his demeanor. I went back and searched the trunk a second time on Monday or Tuesday. I do not remember if I visited the house after the arrest. I am not mistaken about the handkerchief. I got it the first time. I kept a memorandum of the goods I got."

"Where is that memorandum?" asked

Brandon Machine Works Co.

Tenth Street, Brandon.

BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS.

CRUSHER ROLLERS REBUT.

Scrap cast iron taken in trade.

ed Mr. Nugent.

"I do not know," was the answer. "Did you come here without your memorandum book?" said the lawyer in surprise.

"I did. I think the book is at Portage la Prairie," said the detective.

"Your lordship," said Mr. Nugent, "I wish you would direct the witness to produce the book. I have good reason to believe it is in Winnipeg and not very far from here."

"I have one in my breast pocket," said the witness, "but there is nothing in it about the trial."

"Bring it here for inspection."

The book was brought and lawyer and detective went through it carefully together with the result that nothing was found.

Mr. Nugent asked that the witness telegraph to the Portage for the book. His lordship directed him to get it, and Mr. Cox will go to the Portage. As the crown's case will be closed before he returns he will be called by the defence, his lordship will rule that he is an adverse witness and Mr. Nugent will be able to cross-examine him to his heart's content.

THE CROWN'S LAST WITNESS.
Edward J. Elliot, chief of provincial police, was next called, being sworn he said: "I had the information in this case. I had a conversation with prisoner respecting a letter written by him. I tried to trace the movements of many people around Holland, among them Morran. I first asked him about his movements and then the letters. I knew that Hannah Hatton had received a drop letter. At the time of the first interview with him he was not under arrest. He told me that on Monday night he left the back door as she was getting ready to go home."

HOW LETTERS WERE OBTAINED.
Here Mr. Nugent objected and claimed to be allowed to cross-examine the witness up to his point to test the evidence. Mr. Howells did not object.

To Mr. Nugent, witness said: "The prisoner knew I was chief of police when I spoke to him. It was before I got the things from his room. I saw him in my room at the hotel, when I proceeded to question him. I did not precede my questions with a caution to be careful. When I asked him to give me a copy of the letter I gave him a pencil and paper. Cox, who was then present, put his hand in his pocket as it to get out the letter. I said, 'Hold on there, don't show him the letter.' One of us told him we had the letter. We did it together the letter. We did not have the original. Prisoner objected somewhat to writing the letter and we conversed for a while before he commenced. He said he could not write it exactly and we told him to do as well as he could. I don't suppose he would have written the letter if we had not led him to believe we had the original."

To Mr. Howells: "We held out no inducement to him, nor did we threaten him."

FILES CURED IN 3 TO 6 NIGHTS.
Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure all cases of itching piles in from five nights. One application brings comfort. For blind and bleeding piles it is perfect. Also cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Itch and all eruptions of the skin. Sold by Fleming & Son and N. J. Halpin.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
"DR."
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Cream of Tartar Powder. From Acromonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

25 YEARS THE STANDARD.

THE BRANDON MAIL.

Thursday, November 12, 1896.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

Short and interesting paragraphs that treat of Men and Things in a General Way.

The coal found near Sudbury is not a true anthracite.

The Dominion parliament, it is said, will not meet till March.

Postmaster General Mulock has cancelled two hundred mail contracts.

Robt. Edgar, tax collector, of Owen Sound, shot himself fatally while out hunting.

Murdo Morrison, the father of the notorious Meranti outlaw, died a few days ago of a broken heart.

C. P. R. traffic receipts for week ending October 31, were \$790,000; same week of last year, \$758,000.

John Crowe, a well known cattle dealer of Montreal, has assigned, with liabilities amounting to \$30,000.

John Hensler, a farmer of the township of Nottawasaga, Ont., was caught in a hay press and fatally crushed.

The custom house officials at Windsor and Carleton Place to accept American silver or goldbacks in payment of duties.

Mida Crawford, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Police Sergeant Robt. Crawford, of London, Ont., committed suicide by hanging.

Maggie the three-year-old daughter of Harrison Town, of Gananogue, set fire to her clothes with matches and was burned to death.

The Rev. Dr. Sims has resigned from the pastorate of the Bond Street Congregational church, of Toronto, and his resignation is accepted.

The fund raised for the relief of the families of the Montreal firemen recently killed in the performance of their duty, amounted to over \$14,000.

Applications have been received at the Crown lands department of Ontario for 112 mining locations, all of them being in the Remy River District.

A Frenchman named Juneau has started a stopping place at a fishing station on an island opposite Hell River bay, in Shovel lake, on the route of the steamboat channel.

The coroner's jury in the case of Wm. Rogers, the Belmont farmer, found with half a dozen wounds of a different kind on his body, returned a verdict of accidental death.

George Lowes, of Port Hope, a brick-maker, had both his legs cut off while attempting to alight from the Montreal express at Coburg. It is thought his injuries will prove fatal.

The Mines Contract Co., with which Messrs. Hay and Ahn, of Rat Portage, are associated, propose placing 100 mining propositions on the Lake of the Woods gold fields on the English market during the coming winter.

The Victoria hockey team, of Montreal, have already arranged to leave there for Winnipeg on Christmas day. The Montreal Herald remarks that it is not for their health they are coming, but instead it is the Stanley cup they are after, the trophy which was won from them last year by the Victorias of Winnipeg.

Watson Ogilvie, second son of W. W. Ogilvie, of Montreal, met with a painful accident while out shooting. While taking his gun from the canoe, one went off, and the charge struck him under the arm, badly fracturing the bone. Some shots also entered the shoulder. Surgeons were sent from Montreal to his assistance and they hope to save his arm.

John McCarthy, a tramp, was found beside the railway track near Puce, Ont., a few days ago, with a steel rail across his leg. He was taken to the hospital at Chatham the next day. McCarthy is supposed to have been attempting to place a rail on the track with the object of working the train, when it fell on him.

While at work in the Copper Cliff mine, near Sudbury, a young man named David McGregor was instantly killed, by a mass of rock falling from the roof. He was working in a stoping position at the time, as the rock fell on his back, breaking it in two or three places. Deceased was about twenty-five years of age, and resided with his parents, who recently removed to Copper Cliff.

Hector Cameron, Q. C., ex-M. P. for North Victoria, died the other day at Coburg. He was born in Montreal in 1832, graduated at Trinity college, Dublin, and returning to Canada was called to the bar in 1851. He was one of the most brilliant lawyers in the Dominion. After two or three defeats he was elected to the commons for North Victoria as a Conservative in 1871 and held the seat till 1887, when he retired from public life.

The executors of the will of the late J. A. Massey, of Toronto, have commenced payments of the bequests. They were in their discretion allowed to postpone payment for twenty years, but the Upper Canada Bible society (\$2,000), the Upper Canada tract society (\$2,000), the Y. W. C. E. (8,000), have already received their bequests, and cheques will also be forwarded at once to the Y. W. C. E. of the Minto Industrial school, Toronto. Others will be paid from time to time.

The apple market is paralyzed, says a central Ontario exchange, and buyers have almost ceased to order any price. Some of the farmers who shipped their apples to England came out of it worse than they had allowed them to be.

The vault in the burser's office at Toronto university was recently blown open, and \$300 in cash and cheques stolen. The vault door was blown off the

hinges, and the office badly wrecked generally. Evidence had been effected through a window and it is supposed that it was done while everyone was out celebrating Halloween. So far no arrests have been made, but it is believed that some one connected with the place is implicated as a stranger would not know the ground so well. The actual work, however, was done by professionals.

The Dominion line steamship Canada has sailed from Liverpool with passengers and a general cargo for Quebec and Montreal. For a considerable time past there has been great agitation for a fast mail service, and it was thought that the steamship Canada, which is the fastest boat which ever steamed the St. Lawrence, would have carried the mails. It has been learned, however, at the board of trade that the government had decided not to allow the Canada to carry the mails during the winter months to Halifax. This being the case, the company will probably run the Canada to Boston until next season, as the shippers there are anxious to have a boat which has speed in accordance with her carrying capacity.

ELECTRIC CARS.

To be Used in Competition With the Manchester Ship Canal.

The motor car has long been a familiar sight in the streets of Paris, and the French have shown great ingenuity in the invention and improvement of the different types of this convenient vehicle. It seems not unlikely that before long it will be as great a favorite in England as it is in France. A scheme is on foot to supersede a large number of the London omnibuses by electric vehicles. It is said that the electric omnibus is to surpass in comfort and spaciousness anything of the kind hitherto constructed. Moreover, the service will be quicker, and the maintenance of the horse will make the roads cleaner and less unhealthy, more particularly in the main thoroughfares in London are paved with wood. The motor car is to be a leading factor in another great enterprise. The grip of Liverpool on the shipping trade has been so loosened by the competition of Manchester that the ship owners and merchants of the city have become alive to the necessity for taking measures to retain their trade.

They propose to introduce motor cars, each of which shall be capable of drawing three wagons, carrying ten tons of produce. The wagons are to be loaded at the ship's side, and the special advantage of their use will be that goods can in this way be conveyed without transfer to other vehicles direct to the warehouse, wherever it may be situated. The ordinary highways will be utilized for this purpose and no rails will be laid. It is expected that by this means the cost of conveying merchandise to and from Manchester and other towns will be reduced to a point with which the ship canal cannot compete, and the further expectation is that the railway companies will be compelled in self defence to lower their rates, which again will tell against the ship canal. It is believed that a fully loaded train of three wagons can be drawn at a uniform speed of six miles an hour.

Another proposed application of the motor car is that now under discussion by the town council of Dover, Kent, for despatching a number of horseless vehicles to the street scavenging service of the town.

A TRAVELLING MUSEUM.

An Attempt Will be Made to Compile Masonic Curiosities With Devil Worship.

The Free Masons of the United States and Canada will be interested to learn that the museum of Masonic curiosities, collected for an expose at the Catholic congress at Trent, is to be kept together and travel the world for the enlightenment of those inside and outside of Free Masonry. Apart from a copious library of books dealing with Masonry, there are documents which are produced to prove the contention of the congress orators, that Free Masonry is an anti-religious sect. It will surprise most Free Masons to learn that the simple symbols used in their initial rites not only originated in Phallic worship, but commitment to recognition of diabolism. The Neoplatonists, the anti-Masonic current in French and Italian newspapers that there exists some groups of persons with diseased minds who are devil worshippers, Hysman's La Bas and En Route, and a small school of French authors are to blame for inciting and exciting these lunatics. Certain English papers, which trace the origin of the now so famous cult to Charles I., S. C. have been copied by French authors who have invented the stories.

Mission Grants.

At the meeting of the mission board of the Manitoba and Northwest Methodist conference at Portage la Prairie recently the item of \$12,421 for domestic missions was divided among the districts as follows: Winnipeg district.....\$1,740
Carmarth.....85
Crystal City.....80
Deloraine.....254
Portage la Prairie.....512
Neepawa.....914
Brandon.....1,301
Moosemin.....307
Regina.....1,491
Calgary.....2,270
Edmonton.....2,175

Gold Galore.

Explorer Ogilvie, who is in the Yukon district at present in connection with the delimitation of the Alaska boundary line between Canada and the United States writes the department of the interior from Fort Cudahy reporting large discovery of gold on the Bonanza Creek branch of the river Klondike, shown on the map as Deer River, which joins the Yukon above Fort Reliance, about 100 miles east of the Canadian boundary. It is described as the richest find yet discovered. Ogilvie says 200 claims are already staked out, and there is ample room for more. Three men found \$70 in an hour's work. One nugget discovered on the surface was worth \$12.

LITTLE BRAVES!

Old Time a Quarter-a-box "Purgers" are Quitting the Field in Whole Battalions.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at 10c. a Vial are Driving Them Out at All Points.

Because They Act Gently, More Effectively, Never Pain and are Easy to Take.

Sick Headache succumbs to one dose. Chronic Constipation dispelled with one vial, and Stomach Disorders of years standing absolutely cured. 40 doses, 10c., at all druggists.

AN EXPENSIVE PLAYHOUSE.

A Little Chicago Girl Has One Which Cost \$3,000.

A little girl out in Chicago who has a very rich and independent father is the owner of the most beautiful and complete dollhouse, probably that ever was built. It stands on the lawn of her own home, and built of brick, with a tiny tower and cupola, it looks exactly like a small copy of any fashionable residence. A flight of stone steps leads up to the front door, which is of solid oak, beautifully polished, and provided with an electric bell to announce callers. On the door which is four feet high, big enough to admit a good-sized child, is a polished silver plate with the name of the little owner written upon it. Once inside, the delights of the place would rejoice any little girl's heart. The hallway is finished in hard woods, and is lighted by a small gas lamp, hanging from the ceiling; umbrella and hat racks stand there, and pretty portiers separate it from the parlor. In this room the furniture is all of white enameled wood, covered with white brocade silk. It has a beautiful mantel covered with handsome ornaments, a real gas chandelier, besides lovely little lamps on tables. The dining room has side boards and china closets. The kitchen is exactly like any other kitchen, only tiny, and the bedrooms are fitted up in the most complete manner. As the ceilings are six feet ten inches high, the rooms are plenty big enough for the little owner and her friends to play about in. Lovely dolls from Paris make up the family, including handsomely dressed dolls as ladies in the parlor, a cook doll in the kitchen, baby and nurse dolls in the bedrooms, and waitress dolls in the dining room.

The house and fittings and family cost over \$3,000, and do you know that there is no more real fun to be had out of it than from the lovely dollhouses many girls make out of soapboxes?—New York Times.

Senator Whiskers—"I invited 320 people to my silver wedding, and only 20 came." Senator Tawker—"Well that ought to have pleased you, being in the ratio of 16 to 1."

COULD NOT LIE DOWN FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS.

The Sufferings of a Toronto Junction Resident From Heart Disease.

Not an exceptional case of heart disease but very distressing was that of Mr. L. W. Law, of Toronto Junction, who was obliged to be propped up in bed with pillows for eighteen months, because of smothering that would come over him whenever he attempted to lie down. No treatment had done any good until he tried Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and here one dose gave complete relief, and one bottle cured him, and to-day he enjoys the pleasure of good health as other people do. Heart disease will kill if not cured.

Shivering passenger—"Why don't you have a fire in these cars conductor?" Conductor (with frigid dignity)—"We expect the heat of the campaign to warm these cars in."

Cataract and Colds Relieved in 10 to 30 Minutes.

One short puff of the breath through the Blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cataract Powder diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages, painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly and permanently cures Cataract, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. All druggists.

She sweetly beats the binders
Tut-tut! kill man were they his;
Yet she flies quite all to pieces
If her hair gets out of friz.

Heating, Burning Skin Diseases Cured for 35 Cents.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in one day, and cures letter, salt rheum, piles, scald head, eczema, bryber's itch, ulcers, blotches and all eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in the cure of all baby humors. 35 cents.

Post Office Changes.

The following changes in the postal service have recently been made: Office reopened—Lewistown, N. W. 14 sec. 9, tp. 15, range 22 west 4th, Alberta. Mr. Clifford Vanz, post master. Office closed—Pasadena. Office removed—Melfort to s.w. 14 sec. 10, tp. 44, range 18, w. 2nd. New post offices—Wakopa, A. O. Holden, vice C. Guerin, resigned; L. Lamoureux, A. E. Voyer, vice Ernest Berube, resigned.

Adolphus Drecker, Conservative member of parliament for Northampton, Eng., has just returned from a trip to British Columbia. Upon being interviewed he said he thought there was a tremendous future for that country and that it was everywhere going ahead, except in Victoria. American capital, he said, had been developing the country, but the Englishmen were now spilling it by the ridiculous prices they were asking for every mining claim.

"Doesn't it strike you that the ten per cent of this room is rather high?" "There isn't any doubt about it," replied the frugal young man. "Every ton of coal costs \$6."

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails.

ADAM'S GINGER BEER.

For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.

Receipt—Adam's Root Beer Extract....one bottle
Fleischmann's Yeast one half to one cake
Sugar.....two pounds
Cream of Tartar.....one half ounce
Lukewarm water.....two gallons
Dissolve the sugar, cream of tartar and yeast in the water, add the extract, and bottle; place in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice, when it will open sparkling, cool and delicious.

The ginger beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 cent bottles to make two gallons.

Judge—What is the charge against this prisoner? Policeman—He stole a wheel, your honor. Judge—What make?

Tobacco Heart.

Much heart and weak nervousness is caused by undue use of tea, coffee or tobacco; palpitation, nervousness, irritability, excitability, lack of confidence, etc., are sure symptoms. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills bring instant relief, by steadying the nerves and regulating the heart. They are a true heart and nerve food.

"I've cured my wife's insomnia." "How did you do it?" "Had the maid get up and ring the rising bell in the middle of the night."

A Boon to Horsemen.

One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a cure from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused lumps, blood spavin, splints, curbs, swellings, stiles and sprains.

George Ross Farmer, Markham, Ont.

She—Do you suppose his wife really supports him? He—I judge so. He told me he did not know what real happiness meant until after he got married.

Constipation Cured.

GENTS.—I was in very poor health for over four years; the doctor said it was constipation. Not wanting to spend too much cash, I got three bottles of B. B. B. and took it regularly. I can certify that I am now in the best of health and feel very grateful to B. B. B.

ALFRED TROUX, Montreal, Que.

"Hello, gloves," said Jack to Tommy and Sammie. "Whatever call its gloves for?" asked Tommy. "Because you are a pair of kids," said Jack.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cramps, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Cholera Morbus and all summer complaints and fluxes of the bowels in children or adults.

"I tell you, these little vacation trips do a fellow an immense amount of good." "So they do; I feel braced up enough to bluff every creditor I have."

As Well as Ever.

DEAR SIR.—After suffering for two years from acute indigestion, I tried B. B. B. I took only three bottles, which made me as well as ever I was. I highly recommend B. B. B. to all dyspeptics.

Mrs. JOHN WHITE, Austen, Man.

Winks—Do you believe in hypnotism Binks—Of course I do. Don't you see this necktie that the clerk induced my wife to buy the other day?

One Every Night.

One Laxa-Liver Pill taken each night during 30 days will cure Constipation, old-returning Headaches and irregular action of the bowels. Laxa-Liver Pills leave no unpleasant after effect.

"I tell you," cried the author. "I'm going to rise in this world." The editor eyed him doubtfully for five seconds, and then asked: "Billion or elevator?"

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, and all looseness of the bowels. Never travel without it. Price 35c.

Mrs. Daisy Medders (coily)—Do you love me, Jason? Jason Huckleberry—Course I love you! Do you s'pose I've been settin' the fool over you all this time if I didn't?

San Insurance Office, }
Eastern Assurance Co. }
Quebec Fire Insurance Company,
London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Company
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BUCKE & MALEY, Brandon,
AGENTS.

Business Practice
and SHORTHAND are specialties at the
Winnipeg Business College. Write for
New Announcement and College Journal
G. W. DONALD, Sec.

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SCHOOL DESKS
LESLIE BROS., Winnipeg, Man.

DO
YOU
USE
E. B. EDDY'S
MATCHES.

I THINK RICHARD'S PURE SOAP IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

WHAT DO YOU THINK?

Return 20 wrappers taken from Richard's Pure Soap to my address and receive a handsome Souvenir; 12 wrappers for your choice of 150 books of fiction, by popular authors. Useful books free on application.

Address
D. RICHARDS,
Woodstock, Ont.

OUR BANNER OF HEALTH
B. B. B.
WILL CURE OR RELIEVE
INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN, DIZZINESS, DEAFNESS, AND every other disease arising from disordered action of the
LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.
J. MILBURN & CO., TORONTO.

FAMILY KNITTER
Will do all knitting required in a family, from spun or factory yarn. SIMPLEST KNITTER on the Market.
A child can operate it. We guarantee every machine to do perfect work. Agents wanted. Write for particulars.
PRICE \$8.00.
Dundas Knitting Machine Co., Dundas, Ont.

Evans Gold Cure
626 Balmoral St. Tel. 791
WINNIPEG.
ENDORSED BY HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR.

WANTED HELP
RELIABLE MEN in every locality (local or traveling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cases filled up on cream, tea, etc., and to deliver throughout town and country. Commission, or salary \$100 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write to
THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRIC CO.,
LONDON, ENGLAND, CAN.

Who'd Wear Two Coats....
when one is warmer? That is if the one is interlined with Fibre Chamois. It gives such a wholesome comforting warmth without adding weight or bulk, that you can enjoy outdoor exercise or labor as much again as if you were all muffled up. Besides you know it is only a matter of time till the piercing wind gets at you even through the finest ordinary coats, while neither the freshest winds, nor rain, nor sleet can penetrate this invaluable Fibre Chamois. See that it is put in your ordered clothing and find the Fibre Chamois Label on every ready-to-wear garment you buy. Then you're sure of perfect satisfaction.

SELLS FOR 25 CENTS A YARD.
THE BEST IS CHEAPEST
DELICIOUS
MAZAWATTEE TEA

Truly Economical and Incomparable in Flavor and Quality.
KENNETH MACKENZIE & CO., AGENTS. WINNIPEG, MAN.

IT'S ALL VERY FINE
\$3.30
To listen to the puffings of this or that novelty in soap. Stick to a reliable manufacturer. Buy ECLIPSE SOAP—in Twin Bars—more washing for less money and labor than any other soap. Get a bar from your grocer.

JOHN TAYLOR & CO. Toronto.



DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY
CURES
DIARRHOEA
DYSENTERY
COLIC CRAMPS
CHOLERA INFANTUM
and all summer complaints in children and adults
PRICE 35c

SOCIETY BUTTONS
Send 25c. in stamps for 100. Rolled Gold finished Buttons, with beautiful designs, enameled centers, made with care and skill. Makes a pretty present. Address: Societies, Inc., Toronto.
GUIDE TO WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, TERRITORIES
8c.

THE WESTERN WORLD.

ITEMS SHORT AND INTERESTING.

A Resume of the Events of the Week—Fruitful People, Their Sayings and Doings.

A distribution home for Barnado boys has been opened in Winnipeg. Franklin, on the M. & N. W. line has been reported as a telegraph station.

The C. P. R. are about to construct a large steam wheel steamer for service on the lake.

Chief Engineer Coste says that no engineering difficulties would be encountered in making the improvements at St. Andrew's Rapids.

James Stewart and Charles Joseph, for the murder of Bieze Alexis at Island Lake, have been sentenced to ten years in the Manitoba penitentiary.

M. Stewart, the chief of police of Vancouver, has been reappointed. Six years ago he was dismissed from the same office as the result of an investigation.

It is reported that the Lake Duplain railway will be operated during the coming winter by the M. & N. W. railway company. Negotiations, it is understood, are now in progress.

The town council of St. Francis Xavier accepted the bid of McPherson & Co., of Marquette, for furnishing the material for the bridge across Sayer's creek, of which the approximate cost is \$1,700.

It is reported from Montreal that Governor Macdonald of the N. W. T., and Governor Dendy, of British Columbia, will take up their residence in the Kootenay mining district when their terms of office expire.

The Winnipeg board of trade has passed resolutions urging the importance of improving the city streets; of constructing the Crow's Nest Pass railway; and expressing the need of an experimental farm near Winnipeg.

The youngest daughter of Mr. H. J. Priestly, of Rapid City, was drowned while playing with her sister on the ice at that place. The ice gave way, and they both went under. The older girl was rescued; the body of the younger, a child of four years was recovered in a short time.

Walter Scott, editor and proprietor of the Regina Leader, has just been committed for trial charged with criminally defaming Nicholas Flood Davis, M. P., in the Leader of Oct. 15. Mr. Scott was arrested on bail, himself in \$1,000, and a deputy of \$500. Mr. F. R. Insinger, M. P., is security.

An enquiring Dakotan sent the following letter to the secretary of the Winnipeg city council:

Willow City, N. D., Sept. 26, 1896.
The Seal City Council, Winnipeg, Minn.
Sir—Will you kindly inform me if Winnipeg is state or municipal?

Yours truly,
The Grains and stock, one of the best in the province, outside of the city of Winnipeg, fell in with a great crash the other night, owing to the great weight of snow on the arch roof. It is a matter for concern, as it is one of the best in the province. Men were engaged during the day putting it in order for the season. The loss will be heavy on the proprietor, J. W. Ketterer.

Recent tests of samples of ore taken from the deposits in the Crow's Nest Pass railway show the ore to be of a superior quality. If these deposits were made available by the construction of a railway through the area, the only drawback to the mining industry in the Kootenay region would be removed. With cheap coke and coal at hand, the ore could be established at all the mining centres.

The porters of the C. P. R. between Montreal and the coast have presented a list of grievances with a valuable dictionary. Just why this should be done is a thing no fellow can understand. No one found the redoubtable short of words. If they are arranged to give him a chance to say something, there could be some sense in the proceeding. But to present a list of grievances, which, carrying on to November is a sample of magnificent wisdom in comparison—Vancouver World.

Heavy Loss From Fire.
Early this morning a fire broke out in Cassin and Richmond, Que., spreading the burning from the main street through to College street, was soon a mass of flames. The town and Grand Trunk bridge worked hard, but it was not until the arrival of help from Sherbrooke that the fire was under control. Cassin hall, Canadian printing plant, J. A. Carr's general store, L. H. Hally's furniture store, J. Dalton's furniture, the dwelling of N. Plott, Main street, Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Scott and R. Taylor, college street, and the Grand Central hotel stables, were destroyed. The loss is about \$100,000 and insurance \$40,000.

Postal Pneumonia a Success.
The annual report of Second Assistant postmaster-general Neilson presented at Washington, states that the pneumatic tube service in Philadelphia is in operation, expedites the mails, making closer connections both ways, in greatly reduced time, for practically the same money. For establishing this service \$10,000 is asked for three tubes, one each to Philadelphia, New York and Boston. It is expected that they will be constructed for all preliminary authorization has been obtained. In New York the pneumatic tube service over almost the entire island is expected to be made to the department.

A Fortune Found and Lost.
While tearing of the roof of his house Edward Spangler, a farmer, living at Stry, a small town near York, Pa., found a bag filled with gold and silver notes. Before he had time to count his find he fled from home. Wm. Sullivan, the find's bag and made off with the latter threatened to kill him and made good his promise. Spangler noticed the notes, which he was \$500. The police are now looking for Sullivan.

JACKSON'S WONDERFUL SEEDS.

They Will Fetch \$1,000 a Bushel From Those Who Want to Destroy Them.

An Atlanta farmer has created a sensation in agricultural circles by being waited on by a committee of south Georgia appointed by the farmers of that section of the state to buy from him the seed from a crop of cotton. The price to be paid for the seed is \$18,000. The man who raised and owns the valuable cotton seed is Mr. Jackson, a well-known farmer, who lives on and cultivates the farm of Tax Collector Stewart. The citizens of south Georgia are not the only persons who are anxious to become owners of the cotton seed. Other men throughout this state have made offers almost as flattering, all of which have been refused by Jackson.

The unusual part of the offer to be made Jackson by the committee from south Georgia is the fact that the men who will buy the seed do not wish to plant them. On the contrary, if they get possession of the seed they will destroy them as quickly as possible, taking care that not a single seed escapes. Such a price as that for cotton seed was never heard of before. Jackson has received hundreds of offers for his seed, but even surprised when he heard that a committee would wait on him for the purpose of offering him as high as \$18,000 for his crop of seed.

The seed have a history of a kind that is naturally interesting. Several years ago Mr. Jackson was presented with them by a Jew who had brought them from the interior of Africa, from a part of the dark continent on which the foot of white men seldom treads. The Jew had joined an exploring party which had started to the centre of Africa. He was wealthy, and went on the trip simply for the novelty of the experience. While in the very middle of Africa the party came across some cotton, the stalks of which were over twenty feet in height. The government botanist who was along with the party took the measure of one of the stalks, and it was from this stalk that the first seed came. The Jew cut off about eighteen inches of the stalk with a view of bringing it to America. On the stalk were sixty-five bolls, the largest and finest ever seen. The seed were well preserved by the original owner, and were brought safely to America. While on the trip through the south the Jew was told to sell the seed from Africa to the cotton planters, and stated that he would give them to some farmer who would take care of them. Jackson was mentioned to him, and the Jew turned the seed over to him.

Jackson planted the seed and watched their growth with fond eyes. He had heard the high price that would be paid for the seed and he had been told that the seed were taken from Africa to the cotton planters, and stated that he would give them to some farmer who would take care of them. Jackson was mentioned to him, and the Jew turned the seed over to him.

This year, when the time for planting cotton came, Mr. Jackson determined to give the seed a severe test to see if they would stand it. He planted every seed in the poorest ground on his entire farm and on the west side of a hill. As is well known to farmers, the west side upland ground is always very poor. Though the land was unusually poor and the year one of the worst cotton years in the history of the cotton seed, the seed were planted to enrich the soil in which the seed were planted. The test was a severe one, but, notwithstanding that fact, some of the stalks are as high as seven feet.

The cotton produced by these seeds is of the very finest quality, and is even as fine as the staple cotton. Jackson had been offered ten cents per pound for what he has raised this year, but he has refused to accept it, and believes he will be able to get fourteen cents for it. One of the peculiarities of this cotton is the fact that it is a larder. When the stalk grows up leaves begin to sprout out on it, and after they have grown out for some distance the fruit comes out from the sides of the leaf. After the fruit has partially matured the leaf drops off, leaving the stalk perfectly leafless. This is the only cotton of this kind ever heard of in this country, and is causing no end of comment among the farmers throughout the south.

The farmers of south Georgia have sent their committee to Atlanta to buy the seed from Mr. Jackson, because they believe that if the cotton is planted throughout the south they will be ruined beyond repair. They are of the opinion that if cotton will do so well under so severe a test, when planted in the soil of the south, it will produce a cotton that will be so cheap that there will be no money in it for the farmer.

Jackson says that if the cotton is cultivated it will produce at least two bolls to the acre, and possibly as much as four. He feels sure that he will be able to convince the committee from south Georgia of the fact that the cotton will be the greatest thing the south has ever seen or heard of. He says that with this cotton in use all over the south the farmer can reduce his acreage by over one half and raise more cotton than he is raising now. He said that he does not use for cotton can be put to a profitable use. He said that the cotton was a mixed fruit, and that the cotton was a mixed fruit, and that the cotton was a mixed fruit.

Jackson does not much like the idea of having the seed destroyed, but will sell it to the south Georgia committee if they will pay him a large enough price for it. If he refuses the offer of \$18,000, he will have the consolation of knowing that he has been offered the highest price ever before offered for cotton seed—Atlanta Constitution.

HARVEST HANDS ROBBED.
Relieved of Their Cash They Are Compelled to Jump From a Moving Train.

A hold-up is reported to have been perpetrated on the Great Northern near Anoka. The train was a mixed freight, and one of the box cars contained twenty-six harvest hands who were on their way home from the north, all possessed of more or less money. When the train reached Anoka it was boarded by three men, who, as soon as the train had gotten under way, proceeded to hold up and rob the harvest hands at the point of revolvers. Two of the robbers held the occupants in abeyance at the point of guns, while the third selected a man and went through him, and after being relieved of what money and valuables he possessed, the victim was commanded to jump for his life, and if he hesitated he was thrown or kicked from the car.

The train was going at a rapid rate, it is feared that several of the men were killed. One of the men who called at police headquarters had his arms badly skinned, and others were more or less injured.

SUFFERED FOR YEARS.

THE EXPERIENCE OF MR. GRANT DAY, OF HARROWSMITH.

He Suffered Much From Rheumatism Especially During Spring and Autumn—Following a Neighbor's Advice Bought About a Cure.

From the Kingston Whig.

One who has been released from years of suffering is always grateful to the person or the medicine that has been the medium of release. It is therefore safe to say that one of the most thankful men in the vicinity of Harrowsmith, is Mr. Grant Day, who for years past has been a sufferer from rheumatism, but has now been released from its thralldom. To a reporter Mr. Day told his experience substantially as follows: "I have been a sufferer from rheumatism for upwards of twenty-five years. I usually attacked me worst in spring and fall, and at times the pain I endured was intense, making it difficult for me to obtain rest at night. From my hips down to my feet every joint and every muscle appeared to be affected, and the pains appeared to chase one another until I was at times nearly wild, and mind from this my condition for upwards of twenty-five years. During that period I tried many remedies, and while I obtained temporary relief from some, I could get nothing in the way of permanent benefit. But last year the pains did not come back, and they have not returned since. It was the way it came about. One day while telling my neighbor, Mr. W. C. Switzer, how badly I was feeling, he said: 'Get half a dozen of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and use them according to directions, and you will find that they do what they are advertised to do—cure you.' I bought this from a friend, and I used them, and I got the pills and used them, and the rheumatism has been driven out of my system, and last winter and spring for the first time in more than twenty years I was entirely free from my old enemy. But there is one thing more Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for me, and which astonishes me not a little. Over for years ago I had a severe carache, and used a liquid preparation in the hope of getting relief. It nearly ruined my hearing, and for all the years since I have been partially deaf. After I took the Pink Pills my hearing came back, and my ear is now all right. My wife and I have also found much benefit from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by overwork, and it is safe to say that they will always be found in our house."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Men broken down by overwork, worry or excesses, will find in Pink Pills a certain cure. Sold by all dealers, or sent by mail postpaid, at 50c a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

TO BUY THE POPE A CATHY.
Constantinople, More Than Rome, is Likely to be Purchased.

It is suggested that the Roman Catholics of Constantinople shall subscribe \$1,000,000,000 to buy Rome and a nearby seaport for the pope, says Harper's Weekly. The belief is expressed that the Italian government might sell the property without serious detriment to the political integrity and that the money could be used to great advantage in relieving Italy of part of her burden of public debt. It is not proposed to turn over the principal to the vendors, but to place it in trust and to pay its annual proceeds into the Italian treasury as long as the pope remains undisturbed in the papal territory.

The plan is a very pretty one and there are those who think the money might be raised, and that King Humbert's government would appreciate the advantage of such a bargain. But would Rome be the best place for the pope to make with the money? Chicago would take him vastly cheaper and give him port privileges on Lake Michigan, but she could not engage to make him the monarch of an American township at any price. But there is Constantinople, an excellent city, where popes have lived before, and ready-made houses, built by Christians and nearly ripe now for reconstruction. Constantinople seems likely to come into the market any day. If the pope could buy it of the sultan that would be a great deal worth subscribing to and worth turning a page of history to record.

New Method of Packing Butter.
There seems to be no limit to the ingenuity bestowed upon the devising of means for accomplishing the transport of the perishing produce of distant climes to the English market. A new method described in the Australian, is that of packing butter in a box made of six sheets of ordinary glass, the edges being covered over with gummed paper. The glass box is enveloped in a layer of plaster of Paris, a quarter of an inch thick, and this is covered with specially prepared paper. The plaster being a bad conductor of heat, the temperature inside the hermetically sealed receptacle remains constant, being unaffected by external changes. The cost of packing is about 1d per pound. Butter packed in the way described at Melbourne has been sent across to South Africa, and when the case was opened at Kimberley, 700 miles from Cape Town, the butter was found to be as sound as when it left the factory in Victoria. Cases are now made and sold as much as two cwt. of butter, and forty hands, mostly boys and girls, are occupied in making the glass receptacles and covering them with plaster. The top, or lid, however, is put on by a simple mechanical arrangement, and is removed by the purchaser equally easy. A saving of 25 per cent. on freight and packing is obtained by this method, and the cost of frozen butter carried in the usual way.

"Biker, you ought to be ashamed to wear such good clothes when you owe me so much money." "No; you ought to be proud to lend money to a man who wears such good clothes."

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

The Incidents of the World Around us Briefly Portrayed.

A recent tornado killed six negroes on a Mississippi plantation. Four persons bitten by a mad dog at Coburg, Ont., will be sent to New York for treatment.

In sinking an artesian well at Rome, N. Y., the Rome Factory Building company struck a natural gas well at a depth of 245 feet.

A severe wind storm recently unroofed Fuller's opera house at Madison, Wis. One of the actresses playing in the house at the time was hit in the face with a brick.

A colored Baptist church at Coffeyville, Miss., was blown down the other day while service was being held. Many of the congregation were severely hurt but none fatally.

The Queen has sent a message to the Mayor of London expressing sympathy with the people who are suffering from the famine, caused by the failure of the summer rains, and promising to assist them.

News has been received from Sucre, Bolivia, that the commission of foreign affairs of the senate has presented a motion in that body for the recognition by Bolivia of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents.

Lady Winifred Ross, wife of Sir C. as. Henry Ross, of Balnagowan Castle, Park Hill, Rosshire, England, who spent most of the summer in Rossland, B. C., and is interested in mines in that place is suing for a divorce in Edinburgh.

Challemeil Lacour, of Paris, France, who recently died there, left an entire estate to the poor quarters where he lived. He directed that it be distributed in sums of 20 or thirty francs at periods immediately preceding rent day.

The Norwegian steamer Tyr, now at Vancouver, has been chartered by G. W. McNear & Co. of San Francisco, to carry wheat from Tacoma to Calcutta, India. The Tyr will carry 2,800 tons of wheat. The call for Washington grain for Calcutta is caused by the shortage of the wheat crop in India this season from drought.

Albert D. Powers, manager of the Cuban relief bureau at Chicago, whose disappearance from Chicago a month ago, mystified the police and all his friends, has been found drowned in Tennessee. The disappearance of young Powers, just as he was launching an ambitious project of Cuban relief gave rise to a belief at first he had been murdered.

The London Daily Mail's Constantinople correspondent says: "All thoroughfares leading to the Yildiz Kiosk are blocked with troops fearing that the rebel will attack the palace and the European quarters." The Constantinople correspondent to the Times says that many Turks have been arrested for a plot to assassinate Constantinople and massacre the inhabitants.

Lambuster Angle was killed and Lolo Guspipet dangerously injured at Newark, N. J., which resulted from a trivial occurrence in a trolley car. The car was filled with Italian laborers, when a fuse of the electric motor blew out. The men for the door, Angle, in getting out of the car, fell, and his neck was broken. Guspipet's head was badly cut. Three others received minor injuries.

Although advised to deprive Li Hung Chang of all his offices, the Emperor of China has substituted for this punishment the loss of a year's salary. On Oct. 25th it was announced Li Hung Chang had been appointed minister of foreign affairs and at the same time an imperial edict was issued ordering the Chinese statesman to be punished for permitting to enter the precincts of the ruined summer palace, while visiting the Dowager Empress of China.

THE FAMINE IN INDIA.
Large Shipments of California Wheat are Being Sent to Calcutta.

Distress is feared in the districts of Sagar, Jubbulpur, Narsingpur, Hoshangabad and a part of Rajpur, the central provinces. The general prospects in Bengal are gloomy. If there is no rain in November the distress may be serious in a part of Patna and Bhagalpur. The relief works have been opened in three districts of Upper Bihar, and relief is likely to be wanted everywhere in Bihar. Distress is also expected in Hyderabad, Bampur, Dhipper, Jaisalmere, Bikaner, Jun, Gwalior and parts of Backelch nd. The prices of wheat in the Punjab are from eight to ten seers per rupee, in Bombay from ten to twelve seers per rupee. The effect of the railway facilities will be to diffuse the distress, making it less intense. A few small riots have been reported, mostly owing to the export of wheat having the effect of raising prices. The troops have twice been called out, once unnecessarily. Several thousand tons of wheat have been sent to Calcutta, and 30,000 tons are believed to have been bought for India, but the home prices are said to be rising. When the news of this import reached Jubbulpur the price fell from \$1 to 10 seers per rupee. There are 52,500 persons now employed in relief work.

Sir Richard Temple, who has had experience in Indian affairs since 1846, who was at one time secretary of Sir John Lawrence, finance minister of India from 1868 to 1874 and who was then appointed to superintend the relief operations in the famine stricken districts of Bengal, after which he served as governor of Bombay, has been interviewed on the Bombay India Review. Sir Richard alluded to the import of California wheat as a unique factor in the situation. He said: "It appears that this wheat can be loaded at Calcutta and sold at from 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Such a possibility was never dreamed of in my time. If this be true it will suffice to fill the shortage in the Indian supply. Certainly, American wheat sold in India at that price will suffice for the distressed districts. I do not see the need for the government to intervene in this matter. If the thing can be done, traders will do it better unaided. I think that this is a vital matter and the government should immediately verify it if it is possible, and if they should not intervene. If the American supply failed, then I do not think there is sufficient wheat in India to meet the scarcity and the government might have to buy supplies wherever favorable opportunities offered."

GOLD IN MANITOBA.

RECENT DISCOVERIES ON THE EASTERN SHORES.

Claims Taken Up and Recorded at the Land Office Here—Some Good Finds Reported—Activity Among Prospectors—A Mine Now in Operation.

About sixteen years ago the discovery of gold bearing quartz on the eastern shores of Lake Winnipeg was announced to the world and no little excitement caused in Winnipeg and the town of Selkirk over the supposed addition to Manitoba's natural resources. However the land boom which was raging its fiercest just at that time was sufficient to engross the whole attention of speculators and capitalists and the discovery of the yellow metal was practically overlooked. Though a number of claims were located on the eastern shores and on some of the islands of the lake, they for lack of outside attention and support gradually fell from public view, and the claims were abandoned. These claims were situated between Bad Throat and Wild Rice rivers, some sixty miles from Selkirk. The recent boom in mining properties in the Kootenay and Lake of the Woods districts led some of the men who had previously seen what the possibilities of that region were to return to the Lake Winnipeg district where the precious metal was known to exist and continued the explorations begun by them many years before. Among these was Mr. Geo. Melvin, of Winnipeg, who is a mining engineer and prospector of many years experience. His faith in the country had never wavered, and when interviewed by a Free Press reporter he was making out for claim on what he considers a very rich lead. His newest find is somewhat back from the lake shore, and from washings he has made he is confident it will give him from \$150 to \$250 per ton. Mr. Melvin says his ore is good free milling stuff and the vein from which the specimens he had with him were taken can be traced for miles across the country.

Another gentleman, a Mr. McCoy, has filed a claim for a location near that of Mr. Melvin.

In conversation with Mr. Stephenson, the crown timber agent, the information was obtained that great activity exists among the prospectors along the eastern shore, and that no less than thirty applications have been received for locations within a very recent period. The prospectors who went back to renew their claims made years ago, discovered more promising mines in many cases, and new applications were the result. The gold-bearing country is a continuation of the Huronian formation in which the Lake of the Woods and Seine river gold fields lie. It seems to strike Lake Winnipeg just at the Narrows. From specimens he has seen, and from reports brought in by prospectors, Mr. Stephenson believes that gold exists there in paying quantities. The claim and most advanced claim in the whole region, is situated on the Hole river, and is being developed by Mr. McKay, a practical miner, for a firm of American capitalists. They have now six or eight men employed, and have reached a depth of some twenty nine feet, to which depth the ore has continued to grow richer and less refractory.

Mr. Purdie, the legal representative of the American firm, who are carrying on the work of development at Hole river, was visited by a Free Press reporter.

"Yes," said he, in answer to a question, "we have been carrying on operations on the Hole river for two or three years. Two years ago Mr. McKay went in and has been there ever since in charge of the work. At first the results were not very good, but last August, an American expert, one of the best men on the continent, was sent up, and under his direction the excavations were continued to a greater depth. The expert expressed himself as pleased with the prospect of metal and took back with him a large number of samples and specimens. The difficulty, however, has been that the ore is of such a kind that it does not yield to the ordinary methods of reduction practiced in the United States and Canada, and the expert took a quantity of the ore with him in order to work out a method of extracting gold. The difficulty seems to be the presence of tellurium, with which the gold forms an alloy which is lost in the ordinary process. The expert expressed the opinion that he had found a solution to the presence of gold in paying quantities when the proper method for its extraction was found."

It is believed that the first explored portion and the locations taken up are but the edge of a large mineral field. It is all in the Huronian formation which is located on the north of the Winnipeg river and is comparatively narrow at the lake, but widens as it extends eastward. The rocks throughout this whole section are rich in minerals of all kinds. "The discovery of these minerals will prove an additional argument for St. Andrew's Rock," said Mr. Purdie, as he reported left him. Should these mines prove profitable St. Andrew's Rapids will be more than ever a hindrance to Winnipeg's development.—Free Press.

An Awful Death.
Joseph Girouard, a married man about 25 years of age, and living in Mechanicsville, met with an untimely death at Booth's Mills, Ontario, the other morning. Girouard belonged to the night gang and worked at one of the band saws. He was pushing the carriage to the saw, and it is supposed that he shoved it too fast, for as the stick touched the saw the carriage flew back, striking Girouard with great force, throwing him back several feet and causing him to land head first on a hole in the floor used to carry off the accumulation of sawdust and rubbish. Search was made for him but the poor fellow could not be found, and it is supposed he was carried into the boiling Chaudiere river.

A Gigantic Plot.
A dispatch in the London Daily Mail from Constantinople says: "It is rumored that the Armenians have decided to poison the water supply, and the authorities are taking rigid precautions. Panics are daily occurring, and the masses regard the increase in the price of bread as a sign of the approach of war. The bitter strife exists among the ministers at Yildiz Kiosk. There are rumors of the arrest of ministers and officials. The sultan's only supporters now are Haasam Pasha and Kifia Pasha."

THEY WANT PROTECTION.

The Sugar Planters of Guiana Almost Ruined by the Beet Sugar Countries.

Mr. Isaac N. Ford says, in his weekly cable letter to the New York Tribune: "While England and the United States are slowly and laboriously reaching an agreement on the Venezuelan dispute, involving the question of title to tropical forests and swamps, for the most part valueless, the Guiana sugar planters are holding conferences and presenting memorials to the home government on behalf of the sugar industry, which has apparently received its death blow from the bounties paid by Germany, Austria and France to the beet producers. Nothing is cheaper than sugar in England, but the staple industry and trade of the West Indies has been ruined by European competition, against which the mother country has not protected her colonies. The Guiana planters, when they are not asking for bounties or conceiving duties, are suggesting the assembling of a European congress for the abolition of bounties. The Manchester Courier says that the existence of the British West India colonies is now of stake, but the sugar question is generally passed over in silence. The prosperity of England's sugar islands might easily be restored by a tariff in their favor and against the beet countries, but that situation of Mr. Chamberlain's main problem is not practicable, because it involves non-conformity with the sacred canon of free trade."

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE—Taking effect on Sunday May 3, 1896.

M/J.N. LINE.

STATIONS.

W. Bound, Read Up. E. Bound, Read Down.

St. Paul, Minn. 12:00 1:00

Winnipeg 12:30 1:30

Portage La Prairie 1:00 2:00

Brandon 1:30 2:30

Regina 2:00 3:00

Saskatoon 2:30 3:30

Winnipeg 3:00 4:00

Portage La Prairie 3:30 4:30

Brandon 4:00 5:00

Regina 4:30 5:30

Saskatoon 5:00 6:00

Winnipeg 5:30 6:30

Portage La Prairie 6:00 7:00

Brandon 6:30 7:30

Regina 7:00 8:00

Saskatoon 7:30 8:30

Winnipeg 8:00 9:00

Portage La Prairie 8:30 9:30

Brandon 9:00 10:00

Regina 9:30 10:30

Saskatoon 10:00 11:00

Winnipeg 10:30 11:30

Portage La Prairie 11:00 12:00

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THE MAIL

THURSDAY, NOV. 12 1896.

IMMIGRATION.

All of Canada's public men are fast arriving at the conclusion that Canada's greatest need is immigration to our North-west. The results of farming in Ontario and the eastern provinces of late years show conclusively that a competency can no longer be made on small farms, 50 or 75 acre lots, in the east. Farms must then in many cases be doubled there and the excess of population must be located elsewhere.

In the old countries too there is an abundance of available farm labor going to waste—boys growing up to manhood and eking out a miserable existence for the want of avenues for profitable employment. Our Northwest opens the way to millions of these people without overdoing. In Manitoba alone a country 276 by 264 miles in which there are 145,000 farms of half a section each, 100,000 of which are good arable land, there are but 25,000 actual farmers or one-quarter of the number for which the country offers exceptionally fine homes. To place desirable settlers on these 75,000 unoccupied half sections, which with the corresponding influx of business men, would swell our population to one million souls, is the great problem for the government of Canada to settle. A corresponding settlement of the territories would quite double the population of Canada. This we say is the great problem for the public men of Canada to consider. Oratory in the older populated countries, the indiscriminate spread of literature, and even assisted passages, will not accomplish the work. Nothing but the offer of means to assist poor people in locating and making a commencement will accomplish the desired result. To be sure the settlers must have railways to bring in their necessities and take out their products; and, therefore, aid to railways and public works is quite in order, but as we said above, assistance to make a start is also an indispensable requisite.

It appears to us in this connection that if the Federal and Local governments would only cut off many of the expenditures they are now annually making, to keep up formality, the savings thus effected properly expended would solve the problem. We are wasting annually \$240,000 on a useless senate, \$150,000 a year on unnecessary local governments, a quarter of a million more on a superannuated civil service, that like the grasshopper in the fable, danced around lively in a bright sunshine of the past, a million a year more in non-productive subsidies to private and public enterprises, and at least a million a year more in a thousand and one small leaks that it would take the space of a whole newspaper to enumerate. We ask again would it not be a desirable economy in the interest of the whole Canadian people to cut off these annual wastes of at least two and a half millions and apply the money in assisting the settlement of this country.

Now, supposing the government were to erect small comfortable dwellings and stables on every half-section of the government lands of this country, put on a cow and some pigs, seed grain and some potatoes, etc. on every such property, and a lease and the necessary implements on every alternate one, and offer the properties so circumstanced to desirable settlers, on terms they could easily handle, keeping a lien on all effects, of course, until paid for, would it not give the desired impetus to settlement without the valueless expenditures that are now made on immigration?

Of course there are some who would say this was partiality, and it would be partiality; but if an expenditure for which the masses are now annually bled, and that is doing no service to any one excepting pets and favorites, would accomplish an end resulting in untold service to the masses, through the increase of revenue and the consequent reduction of taxation, we think it would be fully justifiable. Should Mr. Sifton become the Federal minister from the North West, we fancy he would only be doing his duty to the country in giving such suggestions as these his full consideration.

With the crippled resources of this province, the local government can do but little, but there is something it could do—it could free many of the old time settlers, many of whom are now out of the country but would gladly return if they could, and who, with past experience, would make the most prosperous residents, of the heavy liabilities, the results of booming ideas, that drove them out of agriculture and out of the province. This might shock the sensibilities of some as encouraging repudiation, but there can be but little wrong to any creditor in freeing his debtor from a liability he will never be able to pay.

Take the subject in its broadest sense, and every one will admit Canada, and especially Manitoba and the Northwest, and where there are the best of prospects for them, require settlers and

desirable ones that can only be got by satisfactory inducements. These inducements in turn can only take the form of financial for a commencement, and this aid encouragement will readily be conceded, can best be got by cutting off present outlays that are bringing in the country no satisfactory returns. We would like to hear from any of our readers on this subject, who are disposed to give us their opinions, whether they agree with ours or otherwise.

THE NOR' WESTERS IDEA.

The Nor' Wester is not at all satisfied with our criticisms of its position on the school question; and perhaps that is no great surprise after all. No matter what our conferees may now say on the question, any of its careful readers will acknowledge the whole drift of its articles has been to show that the question could never be properly settled until the minority—that is properly interpreted Archbishop Langevin—was satisfied.

It is true the Privy Council said the minority had a grievance, just as any man would have one who was deprived of a special privilege he had enjoyed for a number of years, whether he was ever entitled to it or not; but the mistake of the minority is in alleging it is of such a character as to be incapable of settlement upon any other basis than the restoration of separate schools again in their full force, which is not declared by the finding of the highest court.

The Nor' Wester, however, falls heavily dead shocked by the dishonesty of The Mail in hoping that in the settlement there would be no concurrent legislation at Ottawa, which would leave the province in a position to change again the settlement it may now arrive at when the country is ripe for it.

Now, as we understand it, two of the main planks of the proposed settlement are that Catholic teachers are to be engaged, where there are 50 Catholic pupils or upwards, and that the use of the French language is to be allowed as an auxiliary in teaching the English, in sections where the pupils speak French only. According to the Nor' Wester the people should all hold up their hands in holy horror, if such conditions after becoming law were changed, no matter how ripe for the change circumstances in the country grew. At confederation 50 per cent. of our population was Catholic, to-day but about 20 per cent. is of that faith. In fifty years from now 5 per cent. of it may not be Catholic, and that per centage may be so scattered as to leave less than 25 Catholic pupils in any one school district.

In that time too every pupil of school age may be better versed in the English language than in the French. In such cases there would be absolutely no use for the provisions of statutes if passed on the lines now that are quite probable, and though such statutes would be a deal better and the country would be ripe for their obliteration, the Nor' Wester says it would be the unpardonable sin to obliterate. The Nor' Wester's surprise may be, to be charitable, that The Mail's contention is that the end justifies the means; but such a doctrine has no resting place with McCarthys—they leave a monopoly of it to the Jesuits.

A great many people wonder why the Brandon post office is not more accessible to the public, and especially to box holders. The treasury of Canada is paying all told about \$5,000, the item including the salary of a caretaker, to keep the building from being stolen and carted away, and yet, even box holders cannot go to their boxes until after 8 in the morning or after 7 in the evening. Generally speaking the few hands employed by the boss are obliging and accommodating and put in very long hours, so that no more can be expected of them; but if the boss would put in for his \$3,000 a year something like the hours put in by the average business man of the city, much of these experienced inconveniences would be fully overcome. It appears to us if the citizens would petition for the necessary changes they would get them.

McKinley it is, though there were some doubts for a time. All told there were 440 votes cast, and McKinley appears to have carried about 300, while 224 were necessary to elect. An analysis of the vote shows McKinley carried the solid commercial vote of the country, while Bryan scooped in all the odds and ends from the Atlantic to the Pacific. It is a sound money rather than a political victory for McKinley.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Geo. Seals, a Well-Known Contractor of Niagara Falls, Completely Restored by the Great South American Kidney Cure—Thousands more can Bear the Same Testimony.

I was a great sufferer for years with acute kidney disorder and pain in my side. When almost all other known remedies had been fairly tried and had failed, I was advised to take South American Kidney Cure. One bottle did me so much good I purchased two more. I am now completely restored—feel better than I have for five years. It's a great cure; will give relief in six hours, and I feel light in recommending it to others.—Sold by Fleming & Son and N. J. Halpin.

WAWANESA.

The midweek services are all being held in the Presbyterian church near Mr. Sam. Somersall, of Carman, will open up a hardware store in a few days. The Knights of Pythias initiated six new members at their last meeting on Wednesday evening last.

The Methodist church is nearing completion and the congregation expect to occupy it on Nov. 15.

Mr. George Burges is erecting a new house and Mr. Foster is having an addition put to his.

A special meeting of the Knights of Macabees was held in Methven on Thursday evening.

There is a hungry looking lot of grain buyers around the streets these days as not much wheat is coming in.

Mr. Donald Stewart, of Hilton, had an attack of apoplexy on Monday night. He was alone at the time and was not found for several hours. It is not likely that he will recover.

Our enterprising furniture dealers, Messrs. Stevenson & Ferris, have just received a large shipment of cane and bamboo chairs, also bedroom suites which they are selling cheaper than ever.

A meeting of those interested in curling will be held next week. An effort will be made to affiliate with the Brandon and Souris clubs so that a regular series of games will be played, which will ensure plenty of interest in the game.

Detective Foster, of Brandon, passed through here for Killarney last week. He is looking into the recent steal at Ashdown's siding.

A. F. Kempton, sec'y and manager of the Wawanesa Mutual Fire Insurance Co., went to Brandon on Wednesday last and from there on to Winnipeg. We understand the first month's business exceeded the company's expectations by considerable, which is gratifying. As his is the only company in Canada insuring threshing outfits only, we ought to be proud of it.

At present it looks as if skating and hockey will soon be going again. The proprietor of the rink states that he is pushing it forward towards opening as fast as possible. This winter Wawanesa intends showing a hockey team that would do credit to a city with the best of Mr. J. Kennedy, our local butcher, who is a celebrated hockeyist. They will probably challenge Brandon and other outside clubs.—World.

OAK LAKE NOTES.

W. Begg, who is well known around town as a football player, has accepted a position in Pifer's harness shop.

Mr. Carlow, who has been running the creamery this season, has left for the east where he will spend the winter. He returns in the spring.

A number of young people drove out to Riverton last Friday to attend a Harvest Home Festival and concert given by the Methodist Church Ladies' Aid. They report a pleasant time notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather and rough roads. The concert was exceptionally good, in fact a great deal better than some of our local concerts. These, Speers has decided to sell a number of his three-bred Shorthorn cattle and Berkshire pigs on Wednesday, Nov. 25th. This is desirable stock, and intending purchasers will do well to note carefully the date.

It was reported early in the season that Mr. Jas. Armstrong's crop at Sandhurst was hailed out. This is entirely without foundation as his crop averaged 14 bushels to the acre. The oak lake is without a goal at present, the council having disposed of the municipal buildings and the property connected with them for \$150. Mr. Jordan is the purchaser.

The many friends of Mrs. Pifer will be very sorry to learn she is seriously ill.

The Catholic church bazaar is announced for Wednesday, Thursday and Friday the 18th, 19th and 20th. It should be a huge success judging from previous bazaar given by this church.

What has been very steady here for the past week. The market has been particularly good, though compared with our neighboring markets. Saturday was the only day during the week it was inclined to be wild at all. On that day it jumped from 60 to 65 cents and a good quantity was marketed.

INSPIRING SCENES.

Montreal, 10th November, 1896. The office of the Family Herald and Weekly Star is doing a phenomenal business. The establishment is open day and night, and the work of getting out the paper and getting the names of new subscribers on the lists is taxing the enormous establishment to the utmost. The public are greatly interested in the scenes of activity at the Family Herald office. The increase in new subscribers is evidently running far ahead of all previous records. New machinery is being rushed in to meet the emergency, and altogether it is very clear that the Family Herald is doing an enormous business. The new picture, "The Orphan's Prayer," is taking the people by storm.

--- BARGAIN HOUSE ---

IF YOU WANT A BARGAIN, CALL ON

We can supply you with anything in the following lines of Clothing—either in Ready-to-wear or Tailor-made OVERALLS, SHIRTS, PANTS, JACKETS, BLANKETS, MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, GLOVES AND MITTS—in fact, everything that will dress you up, either for town or country. Everything we handle is the best in the market. We have special facilities for the making up of Overalls, Jackets and Pants, all these articles being made up at our factory in Winnipeg, where we employ a large staff of hands the whole year round. Our Manitoba brand has stood the test, and is pronounced to be the best made in Canada by the people of the country. We have a First-class Establishment here, and can supply you with the best fitting suit to be had. Call and see us before you buy.

Yours for Good Value and Low Prices.

Emerson & Hague.

TENTH STREET.

CARBERRY.

Mr. R. Allyn drew in 106½ bushels of wheat in one load last week, nearly three and a half tons.

During the month of October there were shipped from Carberry 160 car-loads of wheat or 105,000 bushels.

The members of the Rural Deacons of Brandon met at St. Agnes church on Wednesday, October 28th. The meeting opened with celebration of Holy Communion with the Rector as celebrant. Morning prayer was said at 10 a.m.; Evening song at 8 p.m. with Rev. McAdam Harding as preacher. At the morning session a paper was read by Rev. McAdam Harding on the "Conduct of Divine Services." The next meeting of the Deacons is to be held at Virden the first week in February.

Mr. W. S. Henderson returned from Kentucky on Monday with five thoroughbred mares which he purchased from Dr. Shaw who intends breeding them to Dr. Hurd. Four of them are now in foal to Sefton, a two-year-old stallion by Imported Speculator. They consist of Lady Kavanagh, bay mare, (aged) by Bay Dick, 1st dam sister to Lord Cliden's dam; Fulda, chestnut mare seven years old, by Faustus, 1st dam Can Dance; Abaness, bay mare 5 years old by Abana, 1st dam Miss Hepburn; Alice, chestnut mare 10 yr. old, by Victor D., 1st dam Africa; Castilian, black mare (aged) by Princeton, 1st dam Imported Castaway.—Express.

THE ASSIZES.

There are now standing for trial at the fall assizes, which will open here on the 17th inst., before Mr. Justice Bain, in all four cases, the most important of which is the murder case of Queen vs. Arthur Gerhold.

The prisoner Gerhold, who is now in the jail here, will be charged with having, on the 17th of August last, killed and murdered one Joseph Henry. It is understood that Mr. H. M. Howell, Q.C., has been retained for the defence.

In Queen vs. Charles Heritage, the defendant is charged with having stolen at the rural municipality of Saskatchewan, on the 1st of July last, a quantity of clothing belonging to one Peter Campbell.

Queen vs. Benjamin R. Shepherd a.d. Geo. W. Shepherd. This is a case which was tried before Magistrate Lewis, of Birtle, and the prisoners, who are out on bail, were sent up for trial, and will be charged at the assizes with having, near Birtle about the 10th of March last, stolen two calves, the property of one Margaret Porteous.

One Wesley Musgrave, who comes from Boissevain, will also have his trial for an attempted rape, as charged, on the person of a young girl, by the name of Nellie Speer. The crime is alleged to have taken place near the Souris river, between Boissevain and Brandon.

TAKEN BY SURPRISE.

The news comes from well-informed sources that the subscribers to the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal, are receiving their wonderful premium plate entitled "The Orphan's Prayer." Great indeed is the surprise, and great is the admiration this picture is creating. The Reverend Edward Everett Hale, of Boston, the eminent Divine, is first amongst the enthusiastic admirers, and his taste is beyond question. Artists, connoisseurs and other judges of acknowledged power are loud in their praise of the "Orphan's Prayer," all pointing in heartfelt thankfulness to the publishers of the Family Herald for venturing to place in the homes of the people so grand a picture at so trifling a cost. We understand the "Family Herald" for a full year and the "Orphan's Prayer" are secured for One Dollar, a sum that seems little or nothing when one looks at the value the subscriber gets for it.

McKass Comic Colored Co.

AT BRANDON OPERA HOUSE

Monday, November 16

Come and Laugh with us.

TRY AND FORGET THE DATE—NOVEMBER 16

Res. seats on sale at Christie's 50c.

THE ACADEMY.

A School for young men and women, located in the Fleming Block, Brandon.

Day and Evening Classes in all the ordinary school work. Commercial work including shorthand especially. Music, drawing, painting, Latin, Greek and French. Lessons by correspondence.

For fuller information apply to

S. J. McKEE, Principal.

--- BARGAIN HOUSE ---

IF YOU WANT A BARGAIN, CALL ON

We can supply you with anything in the following lines of Clothing—either in Ready-to-wear or Tailor-made OVERALLS, SHIRTS, PANTS, JACKETS, BLANKETS, MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, GLOVES AND MITTS—in fact, everything that will dress you up, either for town or country. Everything we handle is the best in the market. We have special facilities for the making up of Overalls, Jackets and Pants, all these articles being made up at our factory in Winnipeg, where we employ a large staff of hands the whole year round. Our Manitoba brand has stood the test, and is pronounced to be the best made in Canada by the people of the country. We have a First-class Establishment here, and can supply you with the best fitting suit to be had. Call and see us before you buy.

Yours for Good Value and Low Prices.

Emerson & Hague.

TENTH STREET.

W. FERGUSON

...DIRECT IMPORTER OF...

WINES, LIQUORS ...AND CIGARS.

- I daily expect a car load of Scotch and Irish Whiskies
- from the best distillers in the Old Country.
- I have also on the way a shipment of Brandy from the
- well-known firms Hennessy and Martelle, of Cognac,
- France.

OLD STAND—EIGHT STREET,
BRANDON, MAN.

OUR WATCH HOSPITAL

IS ALWAYS OP

A Watch must keep time as a train keeps the track. If your Watch don't keep time bring it to us, we will make it right to the smallest fraction of a second, and at the smallest possible cost. We always keep on hand a line of

All Grades Watches, Clocks and Jewels

AT THE LOWEST PRICES THAT WILL DEFEY COMPETITION.

W. H. MALLETT, Jeweler.

Sign of the Gold Watch, Rosser Ave. between Ninth and Tenth Streets.
P. S.—A full line of PIPES, CIGARS, TOBACCOS, &c., constantly on hand. Call and see how low our prices are.

WILSON, RANKIN & CO. BRANDON'S GREATEST STORE!

...BEDDING Department...

Business is at high pitch in the big store. It is harvest time for shoppers. The air of brisk activity is in every department. In store news of a day or a week it is not possible to say any tell and we would like to tell. It is worth your while to come daily, if only to see the drift of new styles. You're welcome to come and learn, whether you want to buy or not.

Cotton Blankets—White and grey, soft beautiful goods, very desirable for winter sheets 10-1, 11-4 and 12-4. prices 90c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Grey Union Blankets—\$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

Pure Wool Grey Blankets—\$2.00 to \$1.50.

White Blankets—\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50.

Fine Saxony Wool Blankets—The best in the market, the kind that tickle more warmth in them than a ton of Anthracite, delicate wonders in blue and pink, prices \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00.

Eiderdown Quilts and Comforters.

Comforters—Large full size, dark coverings \$1.50.

Comforters—Pure white filling, made so they wont flock in washing, neat, medium and light coverings, very special, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Comforters—Sateen covered, pure white Crescent, wool filling, tufted with wool, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50.

Eiderdown Quilts—Filled with pure goose-down, covered in French Sateen, fine patterns, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50 and \$8.50.

Eiderdowns—Light as air, covered in Silks, and Silk and Sateen \$12.00 and \$15.00.

White Bed Spreads—\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00.

Imported Patch-work Quilts—Half-wool, Red and White, Red and Black, with pure wool fringe, price \$1.25 to \$2.50.

Sheetings and Pillow Cottons—8-4 Twilled Bleached Sheet 25c. and 28c.; 10-4 Plain Bleached Sheet 30c.; 10-4 Twilled Bleached Sheet 35c.; 8-4 and 9-4 Unbleached Sheet from 18c.; Pillow Cottons, circular, from 15c.; Pillow Cotton, special, 19c.; Grey and White Wool Sheet, 72 inches wide, 75c.

Pillows—Per pair \$1.50 to \$5.00. It will pay you to inspect this new stock before making your winter purchases. There is no other such gathering of merchandise in Western Manitoba.

We've no old stock to galvanize into life, and no old styles to parade as new—everything is clean, fresh and thoroughly up-to-date. That applies to Bedding as well as to Dress Goods, to Furs, as well as to Carpets and Furniture.

WILSON, RANKIN & CO. BRANDON'S GREATEST STORE.

ROSSER AVE. sec. 1 read.

[illegible]

Before You Get Married...

An Engagement Ring is in order and shortly after a Plump ring Wedding Ring is a necessity. We have them both as well as a Marriage License.

D. A. Reesor,
"Jeweler."

N. B.—Consult us for your Wedding Presents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Remember the Weddings to-morrow (Friday) night.

The winter appears to have fully set in without any Indian Summer.

Farmers are bringing stuff to the market these times by the double ton.

H. T. Munn & Co. captured nearly a carload of game in their late hunting exploit.

The regular meeting of the Y will be held this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock.

The Municipality of Elton has given \$75 for improvements on the city hospital.

Mr. J. A. Macdonald, clothier, reports the finding of a brand new daughter.

Evangelist Schiverea told the ladies of Winnipeg that "biking" is immoral. What next?

We consider McKanlass the greatest violinist living.—Chicago Conservator, City Hall, Monday.

Mrs. Rogers, visiting her son William, on 16th street, has returned to her home near Birtle.

The Hon. Mr. Tarte passed east Friday to confer at Winnipeg with the local government on the school question.

Tickets for McKanlass' grand concert on sale at Christie's. Prices: children 25c, adults 35c, reserved seats 50c.

Mr. Daly is up in the Kootenay district looking the ground over but he will find no delinquent remedial bill there.

Detective Foster has been hunting around the Lake of Killarney for the \$500 stolen from the Wawanesa wheat buyer.

It appears there are some charges in the wind against city hotel keepers for infractions of the liquor law, to materialize later on.

The Assiniboine Lumber Co. sent out their second gang of men this week to work on ties for the G.N.W.C. R.R. with whom they have a large contract.

The Canadian Medical Review says there is one doctor in Ontario for every 500 people. From this some of the medical men cannot be making great fortunes.

The Winnipeg Tribune has a strike on. Some of the printers want the Senate struck off, but "Rich" won't agree to it, as it is not yet a liberal principle.

It is said Gendie the Oak Lake thief is wanted in some of the States for crooked work. Of course they can get him when his rear in the penitentiary is up here.

A. C. McEwen who has been doing the south country in the interest of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, reports a large increase in business.

During service last Sunday the furnace in St. Matthew's got out of order and created a little confusion. It looked for a time as if purgatory was on the rampage.

Many of our citizens complain of the tramp nuisance—visitors looking for help. There should be some means of making that class of gentry earn their living while visitors.

A youth was taken at Sunday school in St. Matthew's church on Sunday last why he had his collect so imperfectly. Well, said the boy, I don't like collecting anyway.

McKanlass possesses a fine baritone voice, and his singing of comic songs and of Negro plantation melodies is truly great.—The Oregonian, Portland, O., City Hall, Monday.

Mr. C. B. Koenigsley, now a "Tex," and at one time a reporter on this moral weekly, where his habits were well formed, got married to a Miss Daly in London, Ont., recently.

The Rev. Mr. Baker occupied St. Matthew's church pulpit Sunday last. He told his hearers Episcopalianism was the doctrine observed by Noah, which of course delighted Noah.

E. W. Warner, C. P. R. agent at Qu'Appelle has been given the position lately held by Mr. Peters in Winnipeg. We believe Mr. Longworth, this city, could have had it had he desired it.

Cartloads of new fancy goods, toys, novels, miscellaneous and church books now opening up at Cliffe's book store. The biggest bargains ever offered in the city are here. Just drop in and ask for prices.

The Chief is having a little stormy weather poll taxing.

The Misses Webbing in Opera Hall, Friday night in aid of school library.

Mr. R. R. Dowling was unfortunate enough to lose his infant daughter on Wednesday of last week.

You can shoot deer now, that is if you like to bear the consequences, as they are protected for two years.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church give their thanks giving entertainment this (Thursday) evening.

N. F. Davin's cup of happiness is now nearly full. He has Scott of the Leader committed for criminal libel.

The city curlers are making arrangements for a concert at an early date. Good for the "Thistle" and the "Stane."

"I have not seen any public entertainment for many a long year at once so sweet, so innocent and so helpful." Ruskin on the Webblings.

The new addition recently built to Johnson & Co's hardware store, gives the firm one of the most commodious premises in the country.

McKanlass is the finest Violinist and Banjoist that has ever visited Sacramento.—Daily Record-Union, Sacramento, Cal. City Hall, Monday.

The college boys are in for a hockey club this season, and of course they will buy their sticks at Cliffe's book store, where they can get the best made.

Mr. John Chesterfield and Miss Ida Fitzpatrick, of Souris, were united in marriage in this city on Wednesday by the Rev. Leo Gaetz.—Congratulations.

The Winnipeg Free Press and Tribune spoke in high terms of the recent Webbing entertainment in that city, Opera Hall, Friday night. Plan at Fleming's.

Senkbeil & Merner are now having connection with the water works system made, for a full supply of water for their new felt factory. They are pushing ahead their arrangements as rapidly as time will admit.

One of the houses in the east end contributed nearly \$100 to the city funds on Friday last. Mabel Sutton, the governess, was fined \$30, Edna Wilson, an associate \$20, and the frequenters \$11.50 each. All with costs and all fines paid.

The Brandon Machine Works company have just completed arrangements with the patentee of the McKelvie chemical fire engine to manufacture a large number of these engines to meet the growing demand for them in the province and territories.

Many are wondering why an announcement of the settlement of the school question is not officially made. The premiers say the press has the terms nearly correctly, but still they hesitate to give the exact settlement, and the people are wondering why the delay.

An exchange says that apples may be kept two years by wrapping them in newspapers in such a way as to exclude the air. The newspaper, however, must be one on which the subscription is paid in full or the dampness resulting from the "due" will cause the fruit to spoil.

Mrs. Mary Little, mother of Mrs. E. Evans, who had been visiting in this city for some time, passed away on Friday morning, at the residence of Mr. Evans at the ripe age of 76. Her remains were taken east on Sunday's train to be buried in the family burying ground in West Durham, Ont.

Mr. Bruce Davis, the St. Thomas, Ont., fruit grower and dealer, has brought to the Brandon market since 17th Sept. 8 car loads of fruit, containing 6,500 baskets of grapes, 500 baskets of pears, 100 baskets of quince and 3,000 bushels of apples. The freight he paid on the eight carloads was \$2,119.25.

Things are not running as smooth in the Morlen hospital as they are in the institution here. Down in that burg they are suing delinquent patients. All this could have been avoided had they given the patients less treatment and allowed them to cross the Jordan, where they could not be reached by writs.

J. M. Robinson of the Times gives out that he is shortly going to move to the Kootenay country. He thinks that running chances on running up there will pay better than running a remedial newspaper here. Robinson is always ready to desert his party when he finds it in a hole; but is always brave as long as there are leaves and fishes in sight.

The price of wheat appears to be as mysterious as the Holland murder. Yesterday it brought 67 cents on the market and is advancing daily in the Liverpool markets. We believe the short crop in India and Australia is largely the cause. Generally these countries are large exporters, and lately it is ascertained India will have to import a lot for seed to say nothing of bread. Australia is also short. Oats, is advancing and so are other breadstuffs.

A visitor called at the Times' office the other day and saw J. M. Robinson nursing over his Grit exchanges with deep emotion. One after another he opened them looked at the coats of arms and read the government advertisements "License to cut Timber," "Fertilizer Wanted," &c., &c., when he burst into poetry thusly:

"What happy hours I once enjoyed,
"How sweet their memory still,
"My heart now finds an aching void
"This world can never fill."
"Tis enough, dear friends, I will leave for the Kootenay country."

BETWEEN LIFE AND DEATH.

For 25 Years, says Mrs. J. D. Stoddard of Asbury Park, N.J., and two Bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Restored the Lost Treasure.

For twenty-five years I have been a great sufferer from heart disease, palpitation, dizziness and severe headaches. I saw Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart advertised, and determined to try it. Two bottles have done me more good than any other medicine I ever used. The headaches have disappeared. I never cease telling my friends the wonderful benefit this great cure has been to me, and I earnestly recommend it to every sufferer.—Sold by Fleming & Son and N. J. Halpin.

VIDER.

Miss McAdam was called to Treherne this week on the sad errand of attending the funeral of her niece.

A movement was on foot last week to form a joint stock company to erect a skating rink at a cost of about \$2,000. At a meeting on Monday evening last, however, nothing was definitely settled. Such a structure is just what we want.

When the farmers realize fully their position they will appreciate the actions of Mr. Elder and Mr. Postlethwaite on the Standards Board. These gentlemen know what they are talking about when it comes down to wheat grades. They have studied the question carefully for over four years and know it in every turn. Mr. Elder spent weeks around Fort William studying this question and he is a man who does not jump at conclusions. He may be what is now termed a "chronic kicker", but he generally has something to "kick" about. In this case no one can prove him wrong.—Advantage.

ROUNTHWAITE.

On Friday night the annual meeting of the Woman's Foreign Mission society was held in the Presbyterian church. Rev. Shearer presided. Papers were read by the following ladies: Mrs. Dunsmuir, Miss Inglis and Miss Gollan; sacred solos by Miss Rice; recitations by Misses Elder; reading by Miss Bella Freer; short, Mrs. (Rev.) Shearer and Mrs. Sheriff; address, Mrs. Sheriff. The thank offering amounted to \$36. The second part of the programme consisted of lime light views by Mr. Freer, "Rock of Ages" with a musical and vocal accompaniment being a very beautiful and realistic set, also the illustrated closing hymn "Now the day is over." Altogether a most interesting and delightful meeting this.

Last Sunday the first ordinary services were held in our new church, Rev. Mr. Lewis presiding at the organ in the morning whilst, at the evening service (Presbyterian) Miss Agnes Rice took charge of that department. The choir greatly astonished the natives by their spirited singing at both services, particularly in the voluntaries which were given to the chink of the collection plates.

I CAN'T SLEEP.

Is the Daily Wail or Thousands of Humanity who have Suffered as Wm. Proudfoot of Huntsville has—Read what the Great South American Nerve-vine did for Him.

I was greatly troubled with general nervous debility, indigestion and sleeplessness. I tried a number of cures and consulted best physicians without any benefit. I was finally induced to give South American Nerve-vine a trial. I had heard of some great cures by it. I took it, got relief from my sufferings, and after using one bottle sweet sleep came to me. I slept like a child. Six bottles have completely cured me.—Sold by Fleming & Son and N. J. Halpin.

J. SLACK

Baggage, Transfer, Wood and Coal. All orders promptly executed. Office at A. M. Percival's, Rosser and Pacific Avenues.

YOU OUGHT

to save your dollars in buying your Watch.

Call and see our stock and get prices. We sell Watches at half former prices.

WE CLAIM

to have the best assorted stock in Manitoba, and sell at prices lower than you can get the same goods for elsewhere.

T. F. Butcher

The Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

NOT QUITE 16 TO 1.

The elegant Pants we are making to order for \$4 and \$5 are not quite sixteen times as good as other tailors are selling, but they are twice as good as they will make for the money. A man's reason never forsakes him. When he buys his clothes from us, we place him on top by selling him his clothes at the bottom (price).

J. S. Andrews

MERCHANT TAILOR Opposite Smith & Burton's.

.... There

Are Others



There are other perfectly reliable grocers. No doubt about that. Any buyer will be perfectly safe in going to them. He can depend on just what they say. We don't question the honesty and good intention of other reliable grocers.

The point we want to emphasize is that we sell the best groceries for less money than any other dealer in Canada. Reliability isn't our inducement. Little prices go with it. If prices at your grocers are higher than the following, it would be a good idea to do your buying here:

SPECIALS—THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, THIS WEEK ONLY.

WILSON'S WILD CHERRY, for coughs and colds, 25c bottles. Special price 2 bottles for 25c.

FRENCH PEAS, 2 tins for 25c. These are genuine imported French Peas of first-class quality. They are regularly retailed at 25c a tin. Our regular price is 18c a tin, but they are too much of a luxury to sell readily, and we have too many. Bargains like these are not to be had every day. Better get a supply while you have a chance to get them at half price.

DRIED APPLES—(choice sun dried). We have reduced the price to 20 pounds for \$1.00.

LOMBARD PLUMS—3 pound tins 25c.

BLUE PLUMS—3 pound tins 25c. These tins are half as large again as are usually sold. Note the very low price.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF—splendid thing for making hot drinks. Small tin 25c. Medium tin 40c. Large tin 70c.

CURLERS BROOMS—splendid quality, 35c each.

Smith & Burton, THE CASH GROCERS

MACDONALD BLOCK ROSSEY AVENUE...

TELEPHONE 202 A.

Our warehouse is for wholesale and mail orders only.

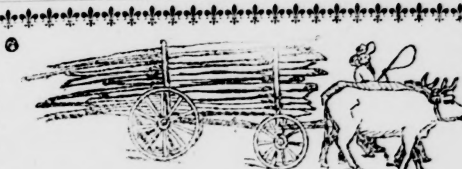
FREE! FOR LADIES ONLY.

Any Lady who will call at my store, or send me a post card with her address will receive

FREE ONE OF OUR LATEST COOK BOOKS.

The Book would be good value at 25 cents. Remember we send it FREE by mail to any address.

HALPIN'S DRUG STORE, BRANDON, MAN.



Do you know that Burrow, Stewart & Milne, of Hamilton, make

A Cook Stove That Saves Cords of Wood

It is the "Grand Jewel," made with Milne's patent steel oven, all in one piece, and Front Flue, covered by Canadian and American patents. It will actually do a baking with two-thirds the fuel required by any other stove, and it will last a life-time. What on earth is the use of burning up a lot of wood or coal, when you might as well save it? Don't take anything for granted, but come in and see this stove. It is a perfect beauty, and for the money asked is the cheapest stove on the market. It is made in four sizes, to suit all. Fully guaranteed by the manufacturers, and if you don't like it after a fair trial, you get your money back.

If you know a good thing when you see it, SEE THIS STOVE.

ORIGINAL INVENTORS AND SOLE MAKERS:

• Burrow, Stewart & Milne, Hamilton, Canada

Brown & Mitchell,

Assiniboine Lumber Company, Ltd., Brandon

FARMERS READ THIS!

Now's the time to be thinking about putting up those NEW BUILDINGS and ADDITIONS which you have needed for so long.

Call and get our figures anyway; we'll treat you well and you'll find it will pay you.

LARGEST AND BEST STOCK IN THE CITY.

Assiniboine Lumber Company, Ltd., Brandon

TELEPHONE 144.

H. McKAY

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE



JUST SOUTH OF AND CLOSE TO NEW C.P.R. DEPOT. Tenth Street, Between Rosser and Pacific Avenues.

GOOD HORSES AND RIGS

AT SHORTEST NOTICE. DRIVERS FURNISHED WHEN REQUIRED. BRANDON. MAN.

This J. W. QUINN

COR. ROSSEY AND 5th ST.

Ogilvie's Strong Baker's \$1.45

Ogilvie's Hungarian \$1.85 per sack

Baled Hay \$6 to \$8 per ton.

TELEPHONE 30.

MILLINERY

Call and see a stock of Winter Millinery, Late Styles.

Also Wools and Stamped

PRICES AWAY DOWN.

Call and see before purchasing where.

"THE GEM"

MILLINERY STORE.

On post office Fleming block.

THE CHANGE FROM COAL TO WOOD

is readily effected in Grand Cook Stoves by simply changing grate and fire box linings.

In districts where wood is scarce and dear, it is a good idea to burn coal. You will only buy a set of Coal Linings, which now made for \$5.00 each.

HARDWARE MERCHANTS, ROSSEY AVENUE, BRANDON.

D. A. Hopper

Banker, Brandon and Rapid

Loans issued to all parts of the world.

Up to \$10 for payable any place.

Special rates on large amounts.

Interest allowed on deposits.

Cheques cashed and collections made.

Money loaned on good security.

On post office Fleming block.